# Structural Operational Semantics for Graph Rewriting<sup>1</sup>

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Purpose Inductive definition of Labeled Transition Systems (LTS) for graph transformation (GTS).

Why? To see how similar graph rewriting is to process calculi.

Problem Not at all trivial in GTS as it is usually in process calculi.

But possible under some conditions.

#### Graph transformation and LTS

- General computation models:
  - States modeled by suitable graphs
  - State changes by graph transformations
    - $\rightarrow$  behavior can be expressed by a transition system.

- Open systems vs. Closed systems
  - Environment
  - Internal action vs. external action

 Labelled Transition Systems: Automatic derivation techniques Rewriting rule - example



Figure: Reaction rules of a hypergraph transformation system S.









How does one rewrite?



That's internal action.

Waiting "something" from outside: we are missing something  $\equiv$  we don't own the whole *L* graph.

Idea Borrow from the context whatever is missing.



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Interface: states are injections of graphs

Too many contexts...: minimality



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- Interface: states are injections of graphs
- Too many contexts...: minimality



# A transition

















What one would want is to express some kind of "complementarity of action":



can be "put together" and yield an internal reaction (like in ccs or  $\pi$ -calculus...)

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{a} P' \qquad Q \xrightarrow{\bar{a}} Q'}{P \mid Q \xrightarrow{\tau} P' \mid Q'}$$

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#### Solution



Construct all with pushouts...

#### Graph transformation - example



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# Composition







#### But...

It's only possible if the two rules are actually the same.



(e) A transition from rule  $\alpha/\gamma$ 

Figure: They seem composable ...









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#### Further work

- Generalize the condition (categorically perhaps).
- More general morphisms (especially for interface).
- Composing transitions without rebuilding the whole graph.

# Thank you.